ERRATA

in 1995 Field Trips for the 67th annual meeting of the New York State Geological Association, J.I. Garver, and J.A. Smith, Editors.

FLYSCH AND MOLASSE OF THE CLASSICAL TACONIC AND ACADIAN OROGENIES: MODELS FOR SUBSURFACE RESERVOIR SETTINGS

GERALD M. FRIEDMAN

Brooklyn College and Graduate School of the City University of New York, Brooklyn, New York 11210, and

Northeastern Science Foundation affiliated with Brooklyn College of the City of New York, P.O. Box 746, Troy, New York, 12181-0746

In Figure 1b, page 110, note the position of the Rensselaer Conglomerate and the Rysedorph Hill Conglomerate within the Snake Hill Formation, here reprinted:

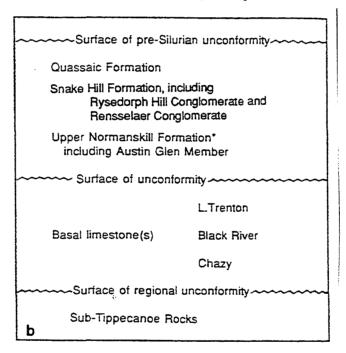


Figure 1b. Names of formations in Tippecanoe Sequence, eastern New York (modified from Sanders, 1995).

On page 127 in the second paragraph for STOP 5 and in the caption to Figure 20 the Rensselaer Conglomerate has been mistakenly noted as part of the Hatch Hill Formation which should be corrected to read Snake Hill Formation, as in the above figure. On page 118 the Rysedorph Hill Conglomerate was labeled Rensselaer Conglomerate and once again its formation was given as Hatch Hill Formation instead of Snake Hill Formation.

Participants on the trip made these corrections in the field.

Note also Figure 1a (p. 110): this table from Guo, Sanders, and Friedman (1990) is not intended to be a strict correlation chart between the shelf and basin strata.

REFERENCES

- Friedman, G.M., 1995, Flysch and Molasse of the Classical Taconic and Acadian Orogenies: Models for Subsurface Reservoir Settings: *in* Garver, J.I., and Smith, J.A. (Editors). Field Trips for the 67th annual meeting of the New York State Geological Association, Union College, Schenectady, NY, p. 109-143.
- Gou, B., Sanders, J.E. and Friedman, G.M., 1990, Columbia Gas Company No.1. Finnegan Boring, Washington County, New York: Microlithofacies and petroleum prospects in Lower Paleozoic platform strata beneath Taconic Allochthon: Northeastern Geology, v. 12, p. 238-265.
- Sanders, J.E., 1995, Lower Paleozoic carbonate-clast diamictites: relationship to overthrusts that advanced across the floor of the Northern Ordovician foreland basin: Northeastern Geology and Environmental Sciences, v. 17, p. 23-45.